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The Music of Carl Philipp Emanuel Bach
Examples for Chapter 10

Click on the caption for each example for an audio version.

[Example 10.1. Keyboard Trio in A Minor, W. 90/1, \(a\) movement 1, mm. 1–4; \(b\) movement 3, mm. 49–54](#)

(a) **Presto**

vn.
kb.
vc.

49 (b)

[Example 10.2. Keyboard Trio in A, W. 89/3, movement 3, mm. 1–8 \(without strings\)](#)

Allegro di molto

kb.

Example 10.3. Keyboard Trio in B-flat, W. 89/1, movement 1, mm. 1–3

Allegretto

vn.
kb.
vc.

Example 10.4. Keyboard Trio in E Minor, W. 91/3, (a) movement 3, mm. 1–8; (b) movement 2, mm. 1–8

(a) **Allegretto**

vn.
kb.
vc.

(b) **Poco andante**

vn.
kb.
vc.

Example 10.5. Keyboard Trio in B-flat, W. 89/1, movement 1, mm. 46–48

Musical score for Example 10.5. The score consists of three staves: violin (vn.), keyboard (kb.), and cello (vc.). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. Measure 46: Violin rests. Keyboard: 16th-note pattern, dynamic *p*. Cello: 8th-note pattern, dynamic *pp*. Measure 47: Violin rests. Keyboard: 16th-note pattern, dynamic *pp*. Cello: 8th-note pattern, dynamic *p*. Measure 48: Violin rests. Keyboard: 16th-note pattern, dynamic *pp*. Cello: 8th-note pattern, dynamic *p*.

Example 10.6. Keyboard Trio in F, W. 91/3, movement 1, mm. 1–6

Musical score for Example 10.6. The score consists of three staves: violin (vn.), keyboard (kb.), and cello (vc.). The key signature is F major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is 3/4. Measure 1: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sustained note, dynamic *p*. Cello: Rest. Measure 2: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *ff*. Cello: Rest. Measure 3: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *ff*. Cello: Rest. Measure 4: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *p*. Cello: Rest. Measure 5: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *p*. Cello: Rest. Measure 6: Violin rests. Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *p*. Cello: Rest.

Example 10.7. Keyboard Trio in C, W. 91/4, transition from variation 7 to variation 8 (keyboard only)

Musical score for Example 10.7, showing only the keyboard (kb.) part. The key signature is C major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is 2/4. Measure 5: Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *f*. Measure 6: Keyboard: Sixteenth-note pattern, dynamic *pp*.

Example 10.8. Keyboard Trio in C, W. 91/4, mm. 1–8 (all parts), with varied reprise from W. 118/10 on two upper staves (asterisks mark clashes between violin and varied reprise)

Example 10.9. Quartet in A Minor, W. 93, movement 2, mm. 1–8 (keyboard only, without doublings in flute and viola)

Example 10.10. Quartet in D, W. 94, movement 2, mm. 32–43

Musical score for Example 10.10. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system (measures 32–35) includes parts for flute (fl.), violin (va.), and keyboard (kb.). Measure 32 starts with a dynamic *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 33 begins with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 34 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 35 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. The second system (measures 39–43) continues the instrumentation of flute, violin, and keyboard. Measure 39 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 40 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 41 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 42 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 43 starts with *p*, followed by *f*.

Example 10.11. Quartet in G, W. 95, movement 2, mm. 21b–24

Musical score for Example 10.11. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system (measures 21–24) includes parts for flute (fl.), violin (va.), and keyboard (kb.). Measure 21 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 22 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 23 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. The second system (measures 25–28) continues the instrumentation of flute, violin, and keyboard. Measure 25 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 26 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 27 starts with *p*, followed by *f*. Measure 28 starts with *p*, followed by *f*.

Example 10.12. (a) *Miscellanea musica*, W. 121 (from Bc 5894, top of page 9; small notes are editorial); (b) Fantasia in C, W. 59/6, mm. 13–19

Example 10.13. (a) diatonic and chromatic descending scales in A minor, from *Versuch*, ii.41 (the two sets of figures represent alternatives; the editorial realization in small notes realizes the lower set of figures); (b) Rondo in A Minor, W. 56/5, mm. 142–57

Example 10.14. Sonata in F, W. 55/5, (a) movement 1, mm. 1–3; (b) movement 2, mm. 1–4; (c) movement 3, mm. 1–4

The musical score consists of three staves, each representing a movement of a sonata in F major (W. 55/5).

- (a) Allegro**: The first movement starts with a forte dynamic (f). The key signature is F major (one sharp). The music features eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.
- (b) Adagio maestoso**: The second movement begins with a piano dynamic (p). The key signature changes to C major. The music consists of sustained notes and eighth-note chords.
- (c) Allegretto**: The third movement starts with a piano dynamic (p). The key signature changes to D major (two sharps). The music includes eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.

Example 10.15. Sonata in B Minor, W. 55/3, (a) movement 1, mm. 1–4; (b) movement 2, mm. 1–4

The musical score consists of two staves, each representing a movement of a sonata in B minor (W. 55/3).

- (a) Allegretto**: The first movement starts with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{4}$. The key signature is B minor (no sharps or flats). The music features eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.
- (b) Andante**: The second movement starts with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{8}$. The key signature changes to A major (one sharp). The music includes eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.

Example 10.16. Sonata in B Minor, W. 55/3, (a) movement 2, mm. 9–16 and 20–25 (asterisks mark recurring voice leading); (b), movement 1, mm. mm. 32–36

(a)

9 * *

13 * *

20 * * * cresc.

21 * * * pp

(b)

32 * * * 3 p

Example 10.17. Sonata in B Minor, W. 55/3, movement 3, mm. 1–4, 9–12

Cantabile

f

p

Example 10.18. Sonata in G, W. 55/6, (a) movement 2, m. 1; (b) movement 1, mm. 41–44; (c) movement 3, mm. 70–82

Andante

(a)

(b) 41

43

(c) 70

75

Example 10.19. Sonata in A, W. 56/6, movement 2, mm. 39–42

39

f

ff

p

Example 10.20. Sonata in F minor, W. 57/6, (a) movement 2, mm. 1–2; (b) movement 1, mm. 1–2; (c) movement 3, mm. 1–2

The musical score consists of three staves of piano music. Staff (a) starts with a dynamic of *f* and shows a melodic line in the treble clef with various note heads and stems. Staff (b) begins with a dynamic of *p* and features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. Staff (c) is labeled "ten." and shows a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes.

Example 10.21. Sonata F minor, W. 57/6, movement 2, (a) mm. 26–28, (b) mm. 40–44

The musical score consists of two staves of piano music. Staff (a) starts with a dynamic of *f* and includes markings for *pp*, *f*, and *f*. Staff (b) starts with a dynamic of *p* and includes markings for *pp* and *f*.

Example 10.22. Sonata in F minor, W. 57/6, movement 1, mm. 53–66

Example 10.23. Sonata in G, W. 58/2, movement 2, m. 51, through movement 3, m. 4

Example 10.24. (a) Sonata in G, W. 58/2, movement 2, mm. 13—16; (b) Sonata in B-flat, W. 65/45, movement 3, mm. 21–24 (main version)

Example 10.25. Sonata in C, W. 65/47, movement 1, mm. 1–16, with bass-line sketch

Allegretto

underlying
bass (editorial)

Musical score for Example 10.25, showing three staves of music. The top staff is treble clef, 3/4 time, dynamic *p*. The middle staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, dynamic *f*. The bottom staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, dynamic *p*. The bass line is labeled "underlying bass (editorial)". Measure numbers 6, 5, 6, 6, 6 are indicated below the bass staff.

Example 10.26. Sonata in C, W. 65/47, (a) movement 2, mm. 1–2; (b) movement 1, mm. 67–68

Adagio assai

(a)

(b)

67

Musical score for Example 10.26, divided into two parts: (a) movement 2, mm. 1–2, and (b) movement 1, mm. 67–68. Part (a) shows two staves of music in 2/4 time with a key signature of four flats, dynamic *p*. Part (b) shows two staves of music. The first staff starts with a dynamic *f*.

Example 10.27. Sonata in G for *Bogenclavier*, W. 65/48, (a) movement 1, mm. 23–26, and (b) movement 2, mm. 14–16; (c) Sonata in C, W. 65/47, movement 3, mm. 10–13

The musical score consists of three staves of music, labeled (a), (b), and (c).

- (a)** Movement 1, mm. 23–26: The key signature is G major (one sharp). The music begins with a piano dynamic (pp) and proceeds through various dynamics including p, mf, f, and ff. Measure 26 concludes with a forte dynamic (f).
- (b)** Movement 2, mm. 14–16: The key signature changes to D major (two sharps). The dynamics are mf, f, ff, f, mf, and p.
- (c)** Movement 3, mm. 10–13: The key signature is C major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line includes lyrics: "cres-", "cen-", and "do". The dynamics are mf, f, ff, f, ff, and ff.

Example 10.28. Rondo in D, W. 56/3, mm. 1–4

Allegretto

The musical score shows the first four measures of a rondo in D major (three sharps). The instrumentation includes a treble clef part and a bass clef part. The dynamics are p, f, ff, and ff. The measure numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 are indicated above the staff.

Example 10.29. Rondo in G, W. 59/22, mm. 68–77

Musical score for Example 10.29, Rondo in G, W. 59/22, mm. 68–77. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and 3/4 time, starting with dynamic ff. It features sixteenth-note patterns and tenuto marks (ten.). The bottom staff is in bass clef and 3/4 time, providing harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. Dynamics include p, f, and ff.

Example 10.30. Rondo in E Minor, W. 66, mm. 78–84

Musical score for Example 10.30, Rondo in E Minor, W. 66, mm. 78–84. The score is for two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and 2/4 time, with dynamic f and tempo marking *etwas langsam*. It includes eighth-note patterns and grace notes. The bottom staff is in bass clef and 2/4 time, featuring sustained notes and chords. Dynamics include ff, p, pp, and a dynamic marking (...).

Example 10.31. (a) Fantasia in C Minor, W. 63/6, movement 3, (a) opening (fingerings omitted); (b) Fantasia in F, W. 59/5, semibreves 10–11 (system 1d in CPEBCW 1/4.2); (c) Fantasia in C, mm. 84–86 (CPEBCW 1/4.2)

The musical score consists of three systems of piano music:

- (a) Allegretto moderato**: The first system starts with a treble clef, two flats, and common time. It features a series of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.
- (b)**: The second system begins with a treble clef, one flat, and common time. It includes dynamic markings *p* and *f p*.
- (c) 84 andantino**: The third system starts with a treble clef, one sharp, and common time. It shows a continuation of the melodic line with various note values and dynamics.

Example 10.32. Fantasia in C, W. 59/6, (a) mm. 31–38; (b) mm. 130–35 (CPEBCW 1/4.2)

The musical score consists of three systems of piano music:

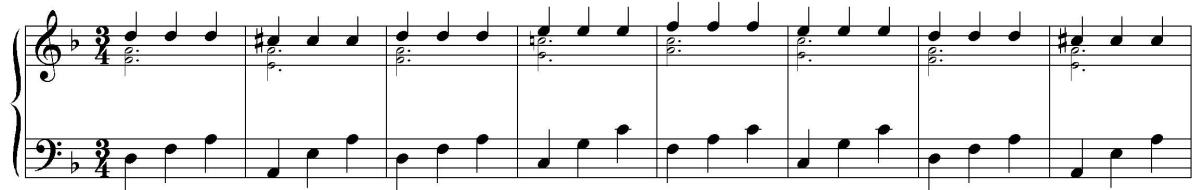
- (a) 31 Allegretto**: The first system is in common time with a treble clef. It features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes with various dynamics and rests.
- (b) 130**: The second system begins with a treble clef and common time. It includes dynamic markings *f p* and *p*.
- 133**: The third system continues the melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, maintaining the common time and treble clef.

Example 10.33. Fantasia in C, W. 59/6, mm. 136–43 (CPEBCW 1/4.2)

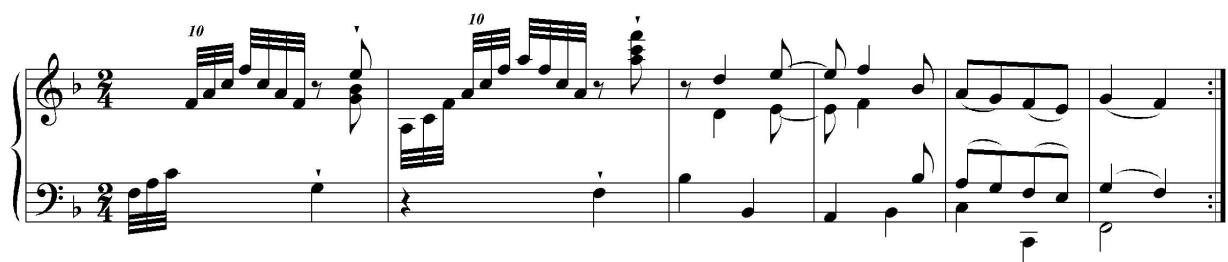
Example 10.34. Fantasia in F-sharp minor, W. 67, last three measures

Example 10.35. Variations on La Follia, W. 118/9, opening of: (a) variation 1, (b) variation 7; Corelli, Sonata in D Minor, op. 5, no. 12, opening of: (a) variation 17, (b) variation 10

Example 10.36. Variations on La Follia, W. 118/9, theme, mm. 1–8 (editorial additions in small notes)



Example 10.37. Variations on a Canzonetta, W. 118/8, last six measures



Example 10.38. (a) Allegro in D, W. 116/24, (a) mm. 1–4, 13–16; (b) Duetto in B-flat, W. 115/1, mm. 1–4, 13–20

The score is divided into two parts, (a) and (b), each consisting of two systems of music for two keyboards (kb. 1 and kb. 2).

- Part (a):** Allegro in D major. The first system (mm. 1–4, 13–16) shows two staves for kb. 1. Measure 10 starts with a trill on the first staff. Measures 13 and 14 continue the pattern. The second system (mm. 13–16) also shows two staves for kb. 1.
- Part (b):** Duetto in B-flat major. The first system (mm. 1–4, 13–20) shows two staves for kb. 1 and kb. 2. Measure 13 is a prominent section for both keyboards. The second system (mm. 13–20) continues the duet.

Example 10.39. (a) Sonata in G, W. 65/50, movement 1, mm. 17–20; (b) Keyboard Trio in E-flat, W. 92/2/1, 17–20

(a) 17

kb.

p

(b) 17

clar.

p

kb.

p

bn.

p

Example 10.40. Sonata for Winds in E-flat, W. 184/4, mm. 21–28

21

fl.

p

clar.

p

hn.

p

bn.

p

25 [a 2]

tr

f

f

f

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr

f

p